

# ThimbleSense: A New Wearable Tactile Device for Human and Robotic Fingers



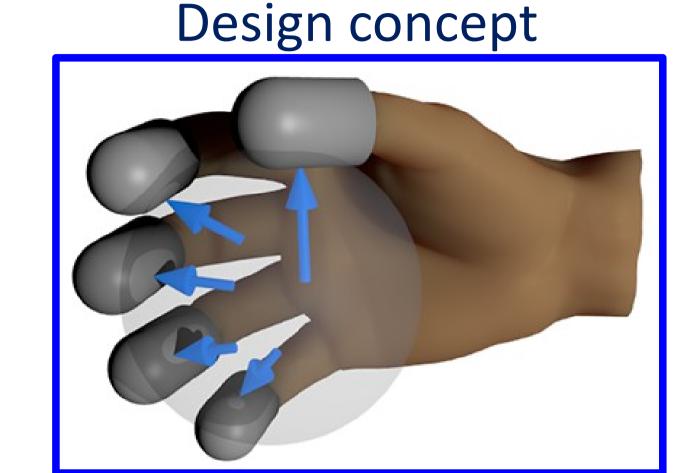


E. Battaglia, G. Grioli, M. G. Catalano, M. Bianchi, A. Serio, M. Santello and A. Bicchi

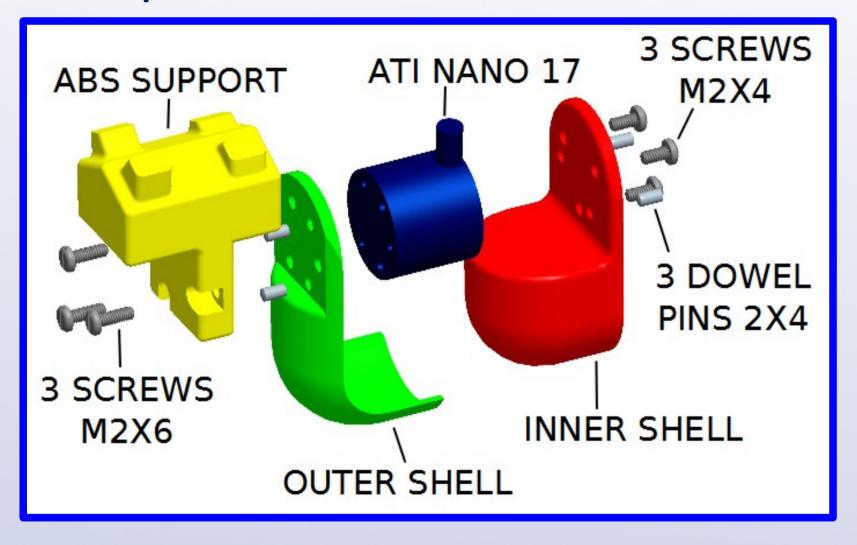


## System Description

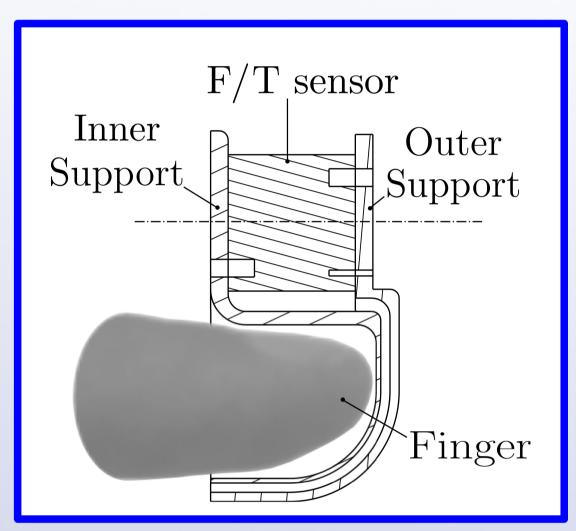
We present ThimbleSense, a design for a wearable sensor system which gives force and torque measurements from each finger, allowing reconstruction of contact point positions. This is achieved by combining a commercial six axis force/torque sensor with a pair of support shells. Integration with a marker-based motion capture system provides position and orientation of the system.



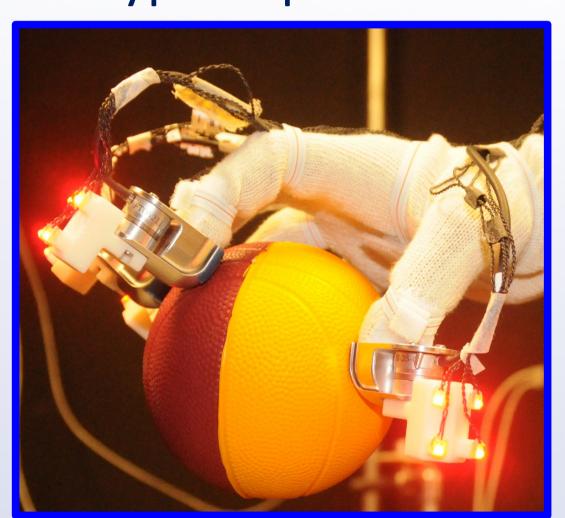
#### Exploded view of CAD model



Section



Prototype implementation





## **Experiment I: Reconstruction of contacts**

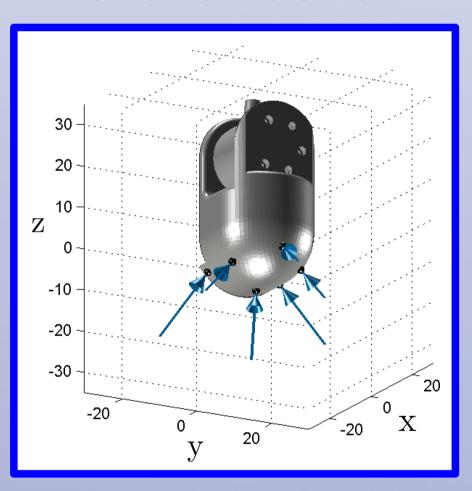
Target points



Pressing with a pen



Reconstruction



**Experiment II: Grasping Objects** 

Several objects with different shapes

Full-fledged force and posture reconstruction

Grasping an egg

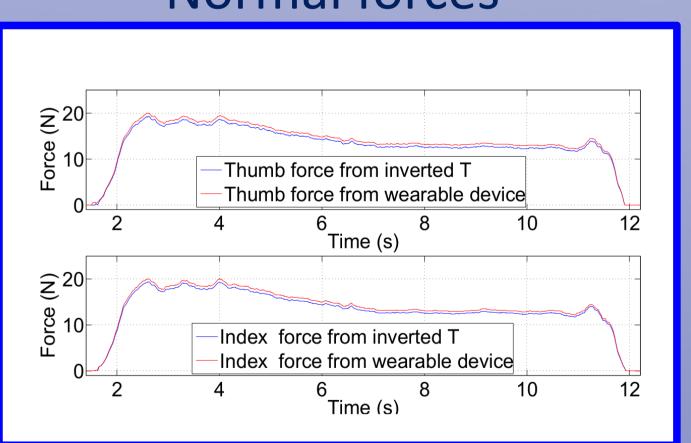


Reconstruction

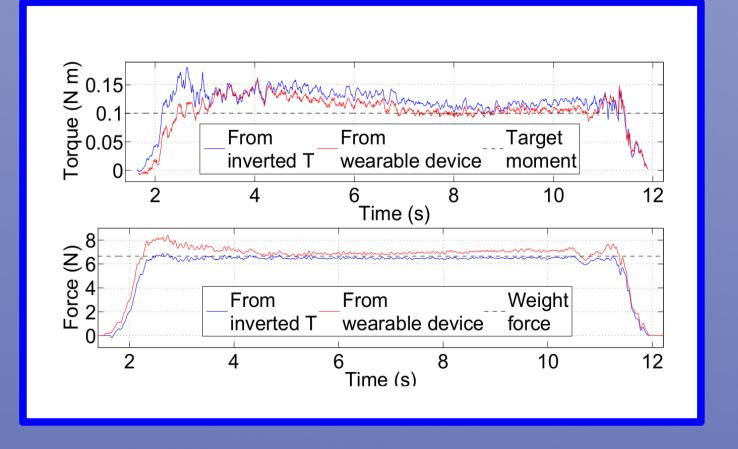
# **Experiment III: Invert T Comparison**



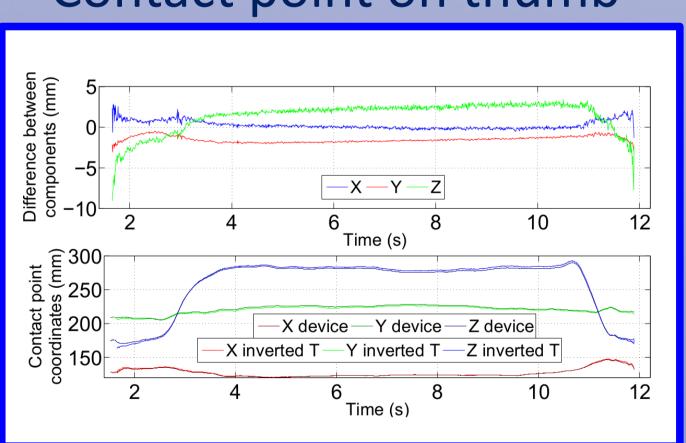
Normal forces



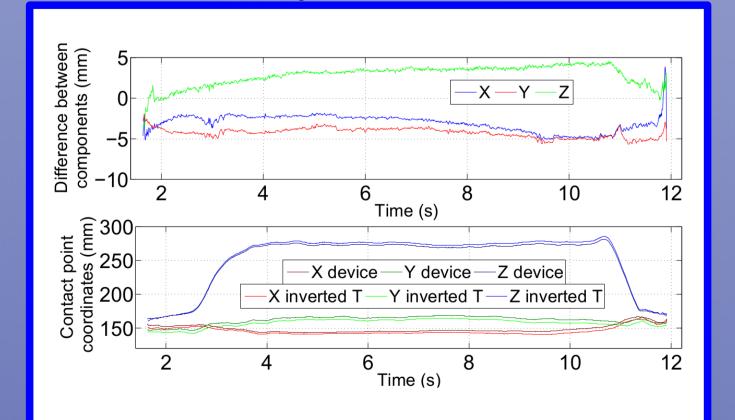
Comp. moment & lift force



Contact point on thumb



Contact point on index



### Conclusions

Qualitative experimental validations show accuracy in estimating contact points (I) and position and orientation of fingertips (II).

quantitative validation (III),performed comparison with a reliable reference, shows some small differences, which can be ascribed to the glove setup. Future work will involve performing a more thorough validation, and designing a more stable setup.

#### References:

[1] E. Battaglia, G. Grioli, M. G. Catalano, M. Santello, A. Bicchi, "ThimbleSense: an individual-digit wearable tactile sensor for experimental grasp studies", accepted by 2014 IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation.

[2]W. Zhang, A. M. Gordon, Q. Fu, and M. Santello, "Manipulation after object rotation reveals independent sensorimotor memory representations of digit positions and forces," The Journal of Neurophysiology, vol. 103, no. 6, pp. 2953 – 2964, 1998.